# The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1859. PRICE TWO CENTS.


...ridge in blood and treasure has generated and ex...ited to attack the other States of Germany, and ...ike them down one after another.

...itter experience, bloody reminiscences, have ...ught Germany to be on her guard, and energetically ...oppose the repetition of such scenes. But indu...dently of these considerations, a war between ...ance and Austria would likewise threaten the ...ice of the German Confederacy, for it would ...asten the territories along the German Alps and ...e German coasts on the Adriatic.

But in what position do we find Germany under ...ese circumstances?

Whilst Austria, with a promptitude and energy ...yond praise, collects her troops along the whole ex...nt of her frontiers, and meets the provocations of ...ance by the most formidable armamentis, the Ger...an Diet looks on in silence and apathy.

Is this the way to give effect to the diplomatic nego...tations?

And if, as we fear, the pacific declarations of Na...ition are only made with a view of lulling Europe ...to sleep, until France finds herself sufficiently pre...ared for the struggle, where shall we find our *ma...terial* and our armies to meet the danger? No Ger...an sincerely attached to his native land can behold this state of things, for which we must seek the only cause in the utter absence of national unity, without the deepest grief. Woe to those who have been in...strumental in bringing about such a state! But let us ...sink at this critical moment all minor considerations, and only think of meeting manfully the dangers which threaten our common Fatherland. Let us rise like one man to meet the aggressor. We know we are speaking in the name of millions when we ex...press to the Committee our earnest hope that the dif...ferent German Governments will take immediate and energetic steps for the protection of Germany.

### The Objects of Lord Cowley's Mission to Vienna.

*Correspondence of the London Times.*

TURIN, Monday, Feb. 28, 1859.

I am able to state that Lord COWLEY, should he succeed in getting England and Prussia's mediation accepted, was to inform Count BUOL, in a semi-official way, of the basis on which England is prepared to assist in establishing peace. In the first place, then, as regards the Papal States, *Austria is to join France in requesting Pio Nono to accept the reforms as traced out in the memorial presented by Count Cavour at the time of the Congress of Paris*; in the *second place, the separate treaties concluded by her with the Italian Governments, and which are derogatory to their sovereignty and independence, are to be considered null and void*; thirdly, *liberal Governments are to be formed in each Italian province upon the basis of the statutes promulgated in 1848*; and fourthly, Austria is to grant to Lombardy and Venice a *Government largely infused with the representative element, and almost independent*, under the Archduke MAXIMILIAN, to be created Viceroy.

These demands are certainly substantial, and yet the liberty of Lombardo-Venetia, with its quasi-independence, though still an Austrian province, contains that which in logic is called a vicious circle.

Be all this as it may, my conviction is that *Austria will refuse the whole en a lump*. It can hardly be thought a casual coincidence that she should dispatch two fresh military divisions to Italy on the very day that Lord COWLEY arrived at Vienna.

### The Cause of Mr. Walpole's Retirement from the Cabinet.

The following letter to Lord DERBY explains the reason of Mr. WALPOLE's withdrawal from the Cabinet:

"JAN. 31, 1859.

"MY DEAR LORD: I regret to say that I am about to take the most painful step which I have ever had to take in the whole of my life. I am going to request you to place my resignation in her Majesty's hands, because I find it is utterly impossible for me to assent on my countenance the course of policy which the Government are now determined to adopt on the important subject of parliamentary reform. When you were so good as to ask me to join your present administration, I told you I thought I had better decline. I then foresaw that there were one or two questions with reference to which I might not be able to agree with my colleagues. *On being assured, however, that, if that should happen, there would be nothing dishonorable to you or to them in asking leave to retire*, I consented again to bear my part in the arduous task which the Queen was pleased to invite you to undertake. Parliamentary reform was one of those questions; and it is now quite clear that I cannot come to an agreement with the majority of the Cabinet. The reduction of the county occupation franchise to a level with that which exists in the boroughs is utterly contrary to every principle which the conservatives as a party have always maintained. [Hear.] It is a complete destruction of the main distinction which has hitherto been recognized and wisely established between the borough and the county constituencies. It is to my mind a most dangerous innovation, by giving to temporary and fluctuating occupations a preponderating influence over property and intelligence, while it throws large masses into the constituencies who are interested in forcing their representatives to fix that taxation permanently on others. I will not dwell upon other points, for this is enough. But I cannot help saying that the measure which the Cabinet are prepared to recommend is one which we should all of us have strongly opposed if either Lord PALMERSTON or Lord JOHN RUSSELL had ventured to bring it forward. (Laughter and Opposition cheers.) Under all these circumstances, I have no other alternative but to repeat the request with which I commenced; and I shall, therefore, consider myself as holding the seals of office until you can conveniently fill up my place. I am ever, my dear lord, sincerely yours,

S. H. WALPOLE.

### Recognition of Civil Service by the Government.

*From the London News.*

The formal announcement contained in the last *Gazette* of the honor conferred on Mr. CUNARD and Sir CHARLES NICHOLSON will be received by the public with universal satisfaction, and for more reasons than one. It is not only that these gentlemen have well deserved the dignity of the Baronetage which their sons are advanced; but the promotions themselves indicate a welcome improvement on the traditions of former days. Neither Sir CHARLES NICHOLSON nor Mr. CUNARD has earned his elevation by mere political services; still less are they indebted for the result to favor or intrigue. They have not even won their honors in the field of war, but have established their claims to public gratitude exclusively by works of peace. It is to Mr. CUNARD, more than to any other man, that we owe the route across the Atlantic, which has so closely connected the two worlds together as to leave no room for more complete approximation, save through the agency of electricity itself. The testimonial with which the American people honored their own representative in the enterprise forged one of the most brilliant marvels in our great Exhibition, and less was certainly not due to the champion who remained in possession of the field. In the elevation of Sir CHARLES NICHOLSON we see the just reward of patriotic service in a British Colony, and no Englishman can desire anything better than that these well-merited distinctions should excite others to deserve similar rewards.

### The Nicaragua Canal—A New Rival to our California Steamships.

*From the French Official Moniteur.*

A transit contract, by the Isthmus of Nicaragua, has just been signed by M. THOMÉ DE GAMOND, in the name of the Committee having the concession of the Nicaragua Canal, and Sir RODNEY CROMPTON. The object of this transit service is, while waiting for the completion of the canal, to immediately connect together the lines of steamers which a powerful Anglo-American Company is about to establish on the two oceans, under the name of Oceanic Packets. Two of these lines will cross the Atlantic; one starting from Halifax, and touching at New-York, will run to Grey Town; the other, leaving Southampton, will unite Europe to Nicaragua. Two other lines will traverse the Pacific, one running from Salmas Bay to the English possessions of Vancouver, touching at San Francisco, and the other from Salmas Bay to Australia by the Marquesas. These four lines have been adopted, and will employ twelve steamers. A fifth line is in contemplation—from Salmas Bay to Shanghae by the Sandwich Islands, having for object to introduce Chinese emigrants to the Antilles, by the transit of Nicaragua. *The Oceanic Company undertakes to make the passage from Southampton to Nicaragua in sixteen days.*

*Southampton Correspondence of the Paris Presse.*

I announced to you in my last the departure of a first company of engineers, of master workmen, and laborers of every description for Nicaragua, under the conduct of M. FÉLIX BELLY.

It was through mistake I told you that Prince CAMILLE DE POLIGNAC was intrusted with the military defence of the Nicaragua Canal. *There has been at one time some thought of placing at the disposal of M. Belly some indigenous troops to protect the workmen*, but the present state of Central America, which enjoys the profoundest peace, and the effective protection of England in that quarter, renders all precautions of the sort, to say the least useless. The mission of Prince POLIGNAC is, therefore, confined to preserving order among the three or laborers who are about to take part in the enterprise. A second company will depart on March 3.

In connection with the new lines of steamers just inaugurated a temporary railroad across the Isthmus will insure precipitude and facility in transportation. It will be so constructed as to admit of the movement of trains of two hundred tons burden.

*From the Editorial columns of the Presse.*

The Organic Committee, which has formed about M. FÉLIX BELLY, after having eliminated the lower financial elements which impeded its origin, without making any appeal to the public, without the aid of any financial power, and by the mere assistance of private and confidential contributions, *have been able to disburse some millions* for the first preparatory movements of this vast enterprise.

A final sanction of the public authorities was wanting to the Belly Treaty. It was its ratification by the two Governments of Nicaragua and Nicaragua, and on account of the dilatoriness of remaining three bodies during the rainy season. The ratifications of the Costa Rican Congress was obtained Dec. 16, and that of the Nicaraguan Congress Jan. 6.

As soon as the Organic Committee was officially apprized of this last legal sanction of the Belly Treaty, it hastened to dispatch to its American possessions a preliminary convoy of forty persons, under the leadership of M. FÉLIX BELLY himself. This convoy, which left Southampton upon the Panama, Feb. 17, was composed of the engineers whom the Ministers of Public Works and of Instruction, at the request of the Hon. ELIE DE BEAUMONT, one of the patrons of the enterprise, had placed at the service of the company. A second company, composed of other engineers for the survey of the canal, left Paris this morning, (Feb. 26,) to embark at Southampton, March 2, on the *La Plata*. A third, much larger than the others, will leave, we are told, March 17.

The most hearty sympathy for the enterprise has been exhibited on the other side of the channel. This may be because of a decided superiority among our neighbors for trans-oceanic enterprises, or because of the energetic and decidedly protective attitude assumed by the English Government in the matter of a Nicaragua Canal. *It is well known* that upon the news of the Convention of Rivas, the Queen of England hastened to send Sir WILLIAM OUSELEY to Nicaragua to protect the work so happily commenced by our countrymen. We have seen in the firm and becoming language of Sir WILLIAM OUSELEY how England proposes to take under her powerful protection the neutrality of the interoceanic canal. The fact explains why the organic committee, entirely French in origin, and which had long ago legalized the statutes of an anonymous company, in the presence of M. DUCLEUX, Notary in Paris, has practically permitted the enterprise to pass into the hands of the English, who have taken it home, and are about to fix it at London under the empire of British legislation.

But France will nevertheless retain all the sympathy it has evinced to M. FÉLIX BELLY, as to one of the most eminent and candid intelligences of the epoch; and she will watch with lively interest the accomplishment of the great designs which that remarkable man has devised for the regeneration of Central America.

## AFFAIRS OF HAYTI.

### A Defence of the Ex-Emperor—Letter from Chevalier Rayband.

*To the Editor of the Paris Presse:*

There are persons in a position to be better informed who pretend that the revolution which has been effected in Hayti was encouraged by foreign influence. Without pausing to examine such an opinion, the truth or falsity of which is of little moment, I would remark with them that the fall of the Emperor SOULOUQUE, in exciting against him—as always happens in such cases—a concert of maledictions more or less deserved, has in no sense impaired the reputation for courage which that old man of seventy-four really possesses, and that his act of abdication is matchless in dignity and simplicity.

Amid the swelling chorus of wrongs and crimes with which he has been charged, the *Journal du Havre*, upon the faith of one of its correspondents, accuses him with having simply stolen a fifth of the entire coffee of the Island. But it has omitted a circumstance sufficiently important to deserve mention, that it was out of this fifth (less by 25 per cent. that the number indicated by the *Journal*) he paid, in nine years, 25,000,000 of francs upon the French debt, the liquidation of which, after many vicissitudes, had been long given up at the moment of his accession to power. He, therefore, rendered his country not only the signal service of relieving it from one-half of this weighty obligation, but of acquiring for it the repute of honesty, and of satisfying it that it could and ought to pay, without degrading itself by imploring further abatements and postponements. He has done it by creating this resource of a fifth, the realization of which inflicted no injury upon foreign commerce, affected in no particular the prosperity of the country, which, by a singular coincidence, has never ceased to advance since that era, notwithstanding the vices ascribed to his administration.

The public has therefore seen with surprise, and the two or three thousand French families who, since 1858, have been living upon the regularity of the Emperor SOULOUQUE in his payments, have seen with alarm, that the suppression of the fifth has been announced as the first measure to be taken in the programme of Gen. GEFFRARD when he raised the standard of revolt against the late Government. Nevertheless, although it was not understood how, out of a budget reduced to four or five millions, as it was before the elevation of SOULOUQUE, it would be possible to spare three millions, which belonged of right to the liquidation of the double debt of France, I have a perfect conviction that this alarm will soon cease; the honorable character and elevated sentiments of the President of the new Haytian Republic admitting of no doubt in the matter.

The civil list made or assented to for the Emperor SOULOUQUE, by the Haytian Chambers, was one million of francs—a sum certainly enormous, measured by the resources of the country, especially when we consider the simplicity of the habits which could not permit him to spend one-tenth of the sum. He has thus been able to save nine hundred thousand—but not to buy up all the sugar plantations of the country, as the article of the *Journal du Havre* reproaches him, since it would be necessary, in the first place, for such sugar plantations to have existence. The moment is not, however, opportune for judging him without partiality, or to expose the exaggerations in regard to him; but hereafter to do this will be a task of interest, and also to inquire whether the Government of men of color, which lasted more than forty years, has been more favorable than his to the prosperity of the country, especially to its moral and intellectual development, and whether he has done more or less than they to encourage among the people a stupid and malignant distrust of the whites, and particularly of the French. In the meantime we state this simple fact that the number of young Haytians resorting to France to seek the benefits of education has increased more than tenfold under his reign; and that they have secured here splendid triumphs; and if this circumstance is questionable, as a direct argument, it must at least be a proof of the general wellbeing produced by the ten last years of tranquility, and of the sum of benefits he has diffused, let their source be what it may; and that he has done still better in inviting and maintaining at Port-au-Prince, French professors of both sexes to furnish instruction to the class whose means forbid them from seeking it abroad.

Called to power without previously dreaming of the honor, so far superior in the acquired qualities indispensable to its exercise over those who were contending for it, he has committed the crime of taking his position *au sérieux*, and of not wishing to be precipitated from it the very first year by the very men who had placed him there, in the avowed aim of giving, by his color, satisfaction to seven-eighths of the population; but, above all, in the hope, cruelly disappointed, of governing through his presumed ignorance and weakness, which his previous habits had seemed to indicate. They should then bear their share of the responsibility for this unexpected choice, made at the time to the prejudice of Gen. GEFFRARD, the most popular man of the country, to whom some of the consequences of the act should perhaps be fairly ascribed.

MAXIME RAYBAUD.

### Interesting from Venezuela.

REVOLUTIONARY SYMPTOMS—UNPOPULARITY OF GEN. CASTRO—GENERAL AMNESTY PROCLAIMED—A NEW CABINET—DR. ACOSTA APPOINTED MINISTER TO THE UNITED STATES.

Our advices from Caracas extend to March 5.

The country was in a disquieted condition; revolutionary movements on foot in every direction, inasmuch that the Executive had invested President CASTRO with extraordinary powers, and suspended the guarantees of the Constitution. The source of these troubles was the extreme unpopularity of certain measures of Gen. CASTRO, involving heavy imposts upon trade and industry, and a refusal to pay undeniable claims upon the treasury. The agents of MONAGAS were of course busy in fanning the flame of discontent.

On the 1st inst., an insurrection broke out at Caracas, but the activity of Gen. CASTRO, with a large body of troops, promptly suppressed it.

The Executive, on the 26th ult., published a general amnesty, including all offenders, actual and former, ex-President MONAGAS only excepted. This measure had led to the retirement of the whole Cabinet. It was at once replaced by the following gentlemen:

*Secretary of the Interior*—RAMON ARVELO.
*Secretary of Foreign Affairs*—Gen. C. SOUBLETTE.
*Secretary of Finance*—F. P. DE LAS CASAS.
*Secretary of War*—L. D. COSTA, *pro tem.*

Dr. ELIAS ACOSTA, for so many years an esteemed resident and practicing physician in New-York, has been appointed Minister to the United States.

The President has given great offence by removing Don RAFAEL ACEVEDO, a member of the Court of Accounts, in disregard of the Constitution. The other members of the Court had at once tendered their resignations.

### Cape of Good Hope.

THE COLONIAL ELECTION—BURNS CELEBRATION—THE SMALL POX—DEPARTURE FROM INDIA.

By the arrival of the bark *Fleet Eagle* at Boston, we have advices from the Cape of Good Hope to Jan 22.

An election was going on throughout the colony for members of the Legislature, with some excitement, but no breaches of the peace.

A grand celebration of the Centenary Birth Day of Robert Burns was announced to take place at Cape Town on the 25th.

The small pox, which had carried off several thousand victims, had nearly disappeared.

A schooner, named the Prince Edward, intended for a guano expedition, had sailed away in a mysterious manner, leaving the owner and master behind, and carrying off several female passengers. A steamer had gone in pursuit.

Invalid officers and soldiers from the English army in India continue to reach the Cape. One vessel brought nearly two hundred.

## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

The Extra Session Question Still Undecided—The Trial of Mr. Sickles—The Indian Treaties, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 20.

The Extra Session question is still undecided, though it will be settled to-morrow in time to telegraph for the California steamer. The President has been entreated by the Cabinet, and begins to waver in his determination. I learn from a reliable source that the chances are now against a call for an Extra Session.

No indictment has yet been sent in against Mr. SICKLES. It will no doubt be returned into Court to-morrow, when Mr. STORRS' counsel will make on a trial. It is understood that the District-Attorney will agree for the trial to be set for to-morrow week, which will no doubt be the time fixed. I learn that ex-Senator BADGER, of North Carolina, is advising with the prosecution, but will not probably appear in the case before the Court. Q.

[FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS AND ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Saturday, March 19.

There is much reserve in official quarters as to the extra session question, and no satisfactory response has thus far been elicited. But to-night there is reason to believe that it is held in abeyance for the present, liable to be taken up at a future period. There is a subject pending which probably induces the indecision, namely: Whether the mail service can be carried on by certificates, instead of cash, until Congress shall make the necessary appropriations. It is a generally accredited fact that all the members of the Cabinet are against an extra session. The compensation of Postmasters, and the constituent expenses of their offices, amount to two millions per quarter, or equal to the revenue, leaving nothing for the mail services. It has been estimated that the service which is absolutely necessary to be performed will require about twice as much as the entire receipts, to say nothing of the present indebtedness. The usual contracts for the Southern States are to be made, and, in view of the bankrupt condition of the Department, it is reasonably supposed the proposals will be far less favorable than though the contractors were to frame their proposals on a cash basis.

All the special mail agencies, seventeen in number, have been discontinued, and the order granting extra compensation out of the postage, affecting about 80 Postmasters, has been revoked, owing to the failure of Congress to make the necessary appropriations. It is not true, as published, that the Postmaster-General has threatened to resign his office unless there shall be an extra session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 20.

Official information will go out in to-morrow's Pacific mail of the ratification of the ten treaties with the Indians in Oregon and Washington. As this took place during the late extraordinary session of the Senate, after Congress had adjourned, an appropriation could be made to carry them into immediate effect. It was mainly owing to explanations of General LANE that these treaties were ratified, that gentleman having convinced his brother Senators that they would tend to permanent peace. He had the effective support of Senator GWIN and Ex-Governor STEVENS in his persevering efforts. By these treaties the title to fifty millions of acres of land will be extinguished, at a cost to the Government of three and a half cents per acre. On that occasion a resolution was passed, almost unanimously, providing that, hereafter, when it is proposed to buy Indian lands, the Senate shall first be consulted before entering into treaty stipulations.

Should it be found impracticable to make arrangements by which the mail service can be performed by means of certificates, and should it be decided between now and the 30th instant to call an extra session of Congress, a telegraphic dispatch on that day to New-Orleans could be forwarded by way of Tehuantepec, in the steamer of the 27th from that port, to intercept at Acapulco the mail which will leave New-York for the Pacific to-morrow.

Senor MATA, the Minister of the Juarez Government, left Washington to-day on his return to Vera Cruz, by way of New-Orleans.

The *Union*, of to-day, contains another article of two columns length from Mr. GILLIS, to show that the revenues of the Post-office Department can be applied to the service without special appropriation by law.

Gen. LANE will return to Oregon by the steamer of April 2.

### The Spring Freshets.

RISE IN THE HUDSON—OBSTRUCTION TO RAILROAD TRAVEL, ETC.

ALBANY, Sunday, March 20.

The New-York boats did not arrive this morning until 9 o'clock, on account of the heavy gale on the river. The steamer *Oregon* brought up the Hudson River Railroad passengers from Rhinebeck. The water is six feet over the dock, but is now receding. Twenty miles or more of the Hudson River Railroad track is under water, but it is impossible to tell whether any has been washed away until the water falls. No trains will be sent out until the road is well examined.

FRESHET IN THE PENOBSCOT RIVER.

BANGOR, Sunday, March 20—8 P. M.

The freshet in the Penobscot has reached its highest point to-day, as it is supposed, the cold turn in the weather having checked the melting of the snow. The ice below Oldtown came down yesterday and to-day, forming an immense jam of about two miles in length, which is now opposite this city. It moved down at 11 o'clock to-day, the head of it stopping near the steamboat wharf. The water then rose five or six feet in fifteen minutes, flowing two feet over the wharves. It then fell six feet in the course of the afternoon, but another and higher flood is feared to night, for which the merchants are preparing by moving their goods.

THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD TRACK WASHED AWAY.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 19.

The track of the Camden and Amboy Railroad, near Florence, is washed away. The passengers by the 2 o'clock train from New-York returned to Trenton, and arrived here this evening. The travel on the Camden and Amboy road will be suspended for a day or two, in consequence of the injury to the track.

### Destructive Fire in Troy.

TROY, N. Y., Sunday, March 20.

A fire occurred in River-street, this morning, destroying three stores, fronting upon Franklin-square, occupied by ROSS & SMITH, leather dealers; A. FOX, confectionery, and GRANT, VEALE & NIVISON, dealers in agricultural implements. The building was owned by Mr. MCCOMB. The loss is about $60,000. The following are among the insurances: American office of Providence, $5,000; Metropolitan, New-York, $2,000; Fulton, New-York, $1,000; Northwestern, Oswego, $1,000; Hartford, $1,000; Liverpool and London, $3,000; Etna, $3,000; Troy Mutual, $2,000.

### Man Missing from Easton, Pa.

EASTON, Sunday, March 20.

MR. SAMUEL YEAGER, a prominent and highly respectable merchant of this place, left here last Monday for New-York, intending to return the next day. He has been traced to the City Hotel, Newark, and left there at about 2 o'clock, Monday for New-York. Nothing has been heard or seen of him since. He had considerable money with him, and fears are entertained that he has been foully dealt with. He is about 39 years of age, five feet 10 inches high, has dark hair mixed with gray, grayish eyes, a bunch of warts under the left side of his chin. He had on a black cloth frock coat, grayish pants and a felt hat.

### Mayoralty Election at Reading, Penn.

READING, Penn., Saturday, March 19.

MR. H. KEIM, the people's candidate, was elected Mayor to-day by 561 majority. All the Opposition Council were also elected.

### Supposed Suicide.

MILWAUKEE, Friday, March 18.

A man, who registered his name as W. C. JACKSON, of Rochester, N. Y., was found dead in bed at the Newhall House this evening. He probably committed suicide, as laudanum was found on his person.

### Reports from Pike's Peak.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, March 19.

The New-Mexican mail of the 1st inst. reached Independence this evening. The news is unimportant. Mr. ALLISON arrived at Independence yesterday, from Pike's Peak, and reports the story of gold being found there all a humbug. He says there is no more there in the country than there was last year. Provisions are plenty and cheap.

### Terrible Railroad Accident—Several Persons Killed and Injured on the Grand Trunk Railroad.

PORTLAND, Monday, March 21.

The express train on the Grand Western Railway ran off the track near Hamilton last night, instantly killing the cars and killing four or five persons, including the engineer, and wounding many others. The names and particulars have as yet been received.

ALBANY, Monday, March 21.

The accident on the Great Western Railway happened between Flamboro and Dundas. The recent storm had washed away the track, and the express train ran into a chasm nearly twenty feet deep, with the baggage car and two passenger cars. The scene is represented as more horrible than that at Bayonville Bridge. A terrific storm was prevailing, and the conductor was washed over the precipice, and drowned, after vainly endeavoring to extricate the wounded or recover the dead. The cars were a perfect mass of wreck, and the locomotive was completely buried in the soil. The night freight train passed the spot in safety half an hour before the accident happened. The baggage car fell about twenty feet. Of the passengers in the express train, the first passenger car was comparatively safe, the second passenger car did not leave the track, but its corner carried away.

Those killed, as far as ascertained, are as follows:

James Boyer, of Chicago, Ill.;
Alexander Braid, of Hamilton, C. W.;
G. Morgan, engineman.
W. Milne, brakeman.
Two names not reported.

The following are reported wounded, some of them seriously:

Henry Post, of Buffalo, N. Y.
W. W. Smith, of Kalamazoo, Mich.
F. D. Adams, wife and children.
E. D. Bryant, of Fenton, Mich.
Thomas Sackett, of Livingston Co., N. Y.
G. R. Smith, of Livingston Co., N. Y.
Adam Wilson, of Hamilton, C. W.
Hiram Cook, of Cleveland, Ohio.
Columbus Denver, of Detroit, Mich.

There were others injured, whose names are not reported.

Several books are reported on the cars, as also on the Toronto line.

AN ENGINEER AND FIREMAN KILLED.

BOSTON, Penn., Monday, March 21.

This morning the freight engine of the train on the Baltimore Railroad, exploded, killing the engineer, Mr. HALL, a native of Lisbon, Maine, and the fireman. Four or five cars were slightly damaged.

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

WARRENTOWN, N. Y., Saturday, March 19.

A freight train on the Rome Railroad ran off the track, this morning, near Pleasant Mount, instantly killing the engine and seven cars, and killing twenty-five cattle. No person was seriously injured.

### Movements of Ocean Steamers.

PORTLAND, Me., Sunday, March 20.

The steamship *North Briton* will sail hence for Liverpool on her regular day, the 30th inst. She has gone to St. John, N. B., for freight.

The steamship *Nova Scotian*, of the same line, is now in her twelfth day from Liverpool, but nothing else.

### Ship Adonis Broken Up.

LONG BRANCH, Saturday, March 19.

The ship *Adonis*, ashore at this place, has been entirely broken up by the late storms. Her fragments are strewed along the beach for miles.

### Later from Honduras.

APPREHENSIONS OF WALKER'S RETURN—DEATH OF A BOSTON PHYSICIAN.

The bark *Caris*, Captain HOPKINS, arrived at Boston on Thursday evening, with advices from Truxillo to March 3.

The country was quiet, but the people are still apprehensive of a sudden descent of the great Filibuster Chief, and the first question asked upon the arrival of an American vessel is: "What is General WALKER about?" The trade of the country is stagnant, the enjoyment of peace bringing no increase of business.

"We regret," says the Boston *Journal*, "to learn by this arrival of the death at Truxillo of Captain FRANCIS P. NEWCOMB, of this city, a brother of Mr. FREDERICK NEWCOMB, of the firm of NEWCOMB & Co. Captain NEWCOMB, for a long period, was master of the *Helen Jane*, and other vessels belonging to his brother's firm, trading between this city and Truxillo. He was an excellent shipmaster and a man of great intelligence and worth.

We learn by a passenger by the *Caris* that General WALKER has undoubtedly a considerable number of friends among the Liberal Party of the Republics of Central America, who await his arrival. In the supposition in Omoa that his forces, on his return with the *Susan*, was to capture Omoa, and hold it until a sufficient number of his men had arrived to enable him to march to the interior."

### "Life Insurance vs. Savings Banks."

*To the Editor of the New-York Times:*

I have read an article in the NEW-YORK TIMES on the above subject, and, judging from the management of several of the Life Insurance Companies of this City, there is really no such thing as "Life Insurance." For instance, a man in fair circumstances with every prospect of success before him, joins one of these peculiar policies, with the full understanding in the face that, unless the premium is paid annually or quarterly paid, as the case may be, the consideration for whatever number of past years is paid is hopelessly forfeited!

We know of a party in this City who insured his life on a policy for $5,000, for the benefit of some of his creditors, and after paying from year to year, from gains he could not spare, he found that his circumstances for the worse would not allow him to pay his premium according to the arbitrary rules of the Company, and he was consequently the loser of from $600 to $700, for premiums already paid in. We say *arbitrary*, although the advantages from the start of the whole to a specter of misery, and that at the start, he actually quietly to the terms imposed by the rules and regulations of the Company, although he may be taken in while young and inexperienced!

In consideration of these facts, how much better it would be, if a party has $100 or $200 to spare during the year, to place it in good, safe bonds, or in some respectable Savings Bank. The party then gets the interest at five, six or seven per cent., and the fund accumulates, and there is consequently no risk; and if the party becomes poor, and is unable to pay the regular deposit or pay his premium, the whole of the fund is in safe hands, and he can draw for it in case of need.

This is the great advantage the *Savings Fund* has over *Life Insurance*. I have had much to do with both, and I believe the Savings Bank more honest and less of a *lottery*! YOUNG.

### Ray State Temperance.—Under the operation of their Temperance Law, the people of Massachusetts have become critical respecting their liquors, systematically rejecting all liquors suspected of adulteration or impurity. And, in order to secure a supply of really good whisky and gin, they have a Sinai Agent who furnishes the whole Commonwealth. There are subordinate agencies in the several towns for the convenience of general distribution. One of these, located in Georgetown, has recently made itself conspicuous. The local agent of that town took it into his head to complain of the liquors distributed from head-quarters. He sent specimens to a distinguished chemist in his neighborhood, who pronounced them "impure, noxious and dangerous." At this was a reflection upon the State Agency, the Boston papers have taken the case up, and publish certificates from Dr. JACKSON, the State Assayer, which thoroughly put down and completely extinguish the Georgetown grumbler. The "Old Bourbon" was according to Dr. JACKSON, was "a good whisky, and of proper flavor, not adulterated, and containing 48 per cent. of absolute alcohol." So likewise of the "Honeysuckle Gin." What would the Georgetown agent have? True he is said to be "in favor of the Temperance Law." But what a disposition he has to cherish hostility to a law which gives him pure enough "Old Bourbon Whisky," and "Honeysuckle Gin."

## OBITUARY.

DEATH OF PROF. MUTTER.—Dr. THOMAS D. MUTTER, for many years Emeritus Professor of Surgery in Jefferson Medical College, died at Charleston, March 16, at the age of 68. Dr. MUTTER was celebrated for his skill as a surgeon, and stood at the head of his profession in Philadelphia.

The Rev. Dr. RUSSELL, of Plymouth, Mass., died March 17, at the age of 70. He graduated at Harvard College in 1776—a classmate of the late John Pickering, Prof. WOODS, of Andover, and Dr. JAMES FREEMAN.

The Rhode Island Society for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry has resolved to increase the premiums offered for the best cultivated farm in one year [1858, from $40 to $100; for the next best, and Hymnal farm in 1859, from $40 to $60; for the next best cultivated farm in 1860, from $30 to $40.

# GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 19, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, have been: 35 bbls. Ashes, 2,160 bbls. Flour, 6,900 Bushels Corn, 600 bushels Oats, 325 pkgs. Provisions, on which duties were paid, and only 30 pkgs. Provisions, and 60 bbls. Whiskey, entered for consumption.

ASHES—Sales have been reported of 130 bbls. in lots, at $5 75 for Pots, and $5 87½ for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs. Stock in the Inspection Warehouses this morning, 1,462 bbls. including 1,049 bbls. Pots, and 413 bbls. Pearls.

BARK—100 bds. No. 1 Quercitron have been sold in Philadelphia, at $33 62½ ₩ bushel.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate request at former rates. Sales 1,000 bags Java, at 14½c.; 300 bags Maracaibo, at 13½c.; small lots of Laguayra at 13¾c.; Rio at 12½@13½c.; and 60 bags stained St. Domingo at 9¾c. ₩ lb.

COTTON—Is somewhat easier. Sales, to-day, 2,500 bales, including 1,000 bales Orleans Cost, 1,300 Dry Mobile, 1,000 Dry Texas, and 200 Dry Alabama, at prices not ascertained. Sales, to-day, 2,500 bales. We quote Ordinary 10½c.; Middling, 12½c.; Middling Fair, 13¼c.; Fair, 13¾c.

DRY GOODS—The auction sale of Barnes to-day, by Bleecker, Sand, & Co., was largely attended, and the goods sold at fair prices. The following are the average rates obtained:

| | Prints. | Ginghams. | Delains. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary, ₩ lb. | 10¼ | 10¼ | 10¼ |
| Middling, ₩ lb. | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ |
| Middling Fair, ₩ lb. | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ |

The auction sale of Shawls to-day, by Bleecker, Sand, & Co., was largely attended, and the goods sold at fair prices. The following are the average rates obtained:

| | Square Cashmere. | Square Thibet. | Square Broche. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary, ₩ lb. | 12¼ | 12¼ | 12¼ |
| Middling, ₩ lb. | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ |
| Middling Fair, ₩ lb. | 14¼ | 14¼ | 14¼ |

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market is more active to-day, for the principal kinds of State and Western flour, and Trade circles, and interested for the use of the trade, are inclined to the belief that the course of prices is likely to be upward for a time. Extra State is very scarce, and Extra Genesee is also in limited supply. Sales 5,000 bbls. at $5 10@5 20 for low to very choice State; $5 20@5 25 for round hoop Ohio; $5 30@5 75 for low grades Extra Genesee; $5 80@5 90 for fancy and choice Genesee; $5 75@5 85 for common to good Extra Western; $5 90@6 for fancy Western; $6@6 10 for Extra Ohio; $6 10@6 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $6 20@6 30 for Extra Genesee; $6 30@6 40 for fancy do.; $6 40@6 50 for Extra Western; $6 50@6 60 for fancy do.; $6 60@6 70 for Extra Ohio; $6 70@6 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $6 80@6 90 for Extra Genesee; $6 90@7 for fancy do.; $7@7 10 for Extra Western; $7 10@7 20 for fancy do.; $7 20@7 30 for Extra Ohio; $7 30@7 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $7 40@7 50 for Extra Genesee; $7 50@7 60 for fancy do.; $7 60@7 70 for Extra Ohio; $7 70@7 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $7 80@7 90 for Extra Genesee; $7 90@8 for fancy do.; $8@8 10 for Extra Ohio; $8 10@8 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $8 20@8 30 for Extra Genesee; $8 30@8 40 for fancy do.; $8 40@8 50 for Extra Ohio; $8 50@8 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $8 60@8 70 for Extra Genesee; $8 70@8 80 for fancy do.; $8 80@8 90 for Extra Ohio; $8 90@9 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $9@9 10 for Extra Genesee; $9 10@9 20 for fancy do.; $9 20@9 30 for Extra Ohio; $9 30@9 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $9 40@9 50 for Extra Genesee; $9 50@9 60 for fancy do.; $9 60@9 70 for Extra Ohio; $9 70@9 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $9 80@9 90 for Extra Genesee; $9 90@10 for fancy do.; $10@10 10 for Extra Ohio; $10 10@10 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $10 20@10 30 for Extra Genesee; $10 30@10 40 for fancy do.; $10 40@10 50 for Extra Ohio; $10 50@10 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $10 60@10 70 for Extra Genesee; $10 70@10 80 for fancy do.; $10 80@10 90 for Extra Ohio; $10 90@11 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $11@11 10 for Extra Genesee; $11 10@11 20 for fancy do.; $11 20@11 30 for Extra Ohio; $11 30@11 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $11 40@11 50 for Extra Genesee; $11 50@11 60 for fancy do.; $11 60@11 70 for Extra Ohio; $11 70@11 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $11 80@11 90 for Extra Genesee; $11 90@12 for fancy do.; $12@12 10 for Extra Ohio; $12 10@12 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $12 20@12 30 for Extra Genesee; $12 30@12 40 for fancy do.; $12 40@12 50 for Extra Ohio; $12 50@12 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $12 60@12 70 for Extra Genesee; $12 70@12 80 for fancy do.; $12 80@12 90 for Extra Ohio; $12 90@13 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $13@13 10 for Extra Genesee; $13 10@13 20 for fancy do.; $13 20@13 30 for Extra Ohio; $13 30@13 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $13 40@13 50 for Extra Genesee; $13 50@13 60 for fancy do.; $13 60@13 70 for Extra Ohio; $13 70@13 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $13 80@13 90 for Extra Genesee; $13 90@14 for fancy do.; $14@14 10 for Extra Ohio; $14 10@14 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $14 20@14 30 for Extra Genesee; $14 30@14 40 for fancy do.; $14 40@14 50 for Extra Ohio; $14 50@14 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $14 60@14 70 for Extra Genesee; $14 70@14 80 for fancy do.; $14 80@14 90 for Extra Ohio; $14 90@15 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $15@15 10 for Extra Genesee; $15 10@15 20 for fancy do.; $15 20@15 30 for Extra Ohio; $15 30@15 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $15 40@15 50 for Extra Genesee; $15 50@15 60 for fancy do.; $15 60@15 70 for Extra Ohio; $15 70@15 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $15 80@15 90 for Extra Genesee; $15 90@16 for fancy do.; $16@16 10 for Extra Ohio; $16 10@16 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $16 20@16 30 for Extra Genesee; $16 30@16 40 for fancy do.; $16 40@16 50 for Extra Ohio; $16 50@16 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $16 60@16 70 for Extra Genesee; $16 70@16 80 for fancy do.; $16 80@16 90 for Extra Ohio; $16 90@17 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $17@17 10 for Extra Genesee; $17 10@17 20 for fancy do.; $17 20@17 30 for Extra Ohio; $17 30@17 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $17 40@17 50 for Extra Genesee; $17 50@17 60 for fancy do.; $17 60@17 70 for Extra Ohio; $17 70@17 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $17 80@17 90 for Extra Genesee; $17 90@18 for fancy do.; $18@18 10 for Extra Ohio; $18 10@18 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $18 20@18 30 for Extra Genesee; $18 30@18 40 for fancy do.; $18 40@18 50 for Extra Ohio; $18 50@18 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $18 60@18 70 for Extra Genesee; $18 70@18 80 for fancy do.; $18 80@18 90 for Extra Ohio; $18 90@19 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $19@19 10 for Extra Genesee; $19 10@19 20 for fancy do.; $19 20@19 30 for Extra Ohio; $19 30@19 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $19 40@19 50 for Extra Genesee; $19 50@19 60 for fancy do.; $19 60@19 70 for Extra Ohio; $19 70@19 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $19 80@19 90 for Extra Genesee; $19 90@20 for fancy do.; $20@20 10 for Extra Ohio; $20 10@20 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $20 20@20 30 for Extra Genesee; $20 30@20 40 for fancy do.; $20 40@20 50 for Extra Ohio; $20 50@20 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $20 60@20 70 for Extra Genesee; $20 70@20 80 for fancy do.; $20 80@20 90 for Extra Ohio; $20 90@21 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $21@21 10 for Extra Genesee; $21 10@21 20 for fancy do.; $21 20@21 30 for Extra Ohio; $21 30@21 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $21 40@21 50 for Extra Genesee; $21 50@21 60 for fancy do.; $21 60@21 70 for Extra Ohio; $21 70@21 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $21 80@21 90 for Extra Genesee; $21 90@22 for fancy do.; $22@22 10 for Extra Ohio; $22 10@22 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $22 20@22 30 for Extra Genesee; $22 30@22 40 for fancy do.; $22 40@22 50 for Extra Ohio; $22 50@22 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $22 60@22 70 for Extra Genesee; $22 70@22 80 for fancy do.; $22 80@22 90 for Extra Ohio; $22 90@23 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $23@23 10 for Extra Genesee; $23 10@23 20 for fancy do.; $23 20@23 30 for Extra Ohio; $23 30@23 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $23 40@23 50 for Extra Genesee; $23 50@23 60 for fancy do.; $23 60@23 70 for Extra Ohio; $23 70@23 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $23 80@23 90 for Extra Genesee; $23 90@24 for fancy do.; $24@24 10 for Extra Ohio; $24 10@24 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $24 20@24 30 for Extra Genesee; $24 30@24 40 for fancy do.; $24 40@24 50 for Extra Ohio; $24 50@24 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $24 60@24 70 for Extra Genesee; $24 70@24 80 for fancy do.; $24 80@24 90 for Extra Ohio; $24 90@25 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $25@25 10 for Extra Genesee; $25 10@25 20 for fancy do.; $25 20@25 30 for Extra Ohio; $25 30@25 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $25 40@25 50 for Extra Genesee; $25 50@25 60 for fancy do.; $25 60@25 70 for Extra Ohio; $25 70@25 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $25 80@25 90 for Extra Genesee; $25 90@26 for fancy do.; $26@26 10 for Extra Ohio; $26 10@26 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $26 20@26 30 for Extra Genesee; $26 30@26 40 for fancy do.; $26 40@26 50 for Extra Ohio; $26 50@26 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $26 60@26 70 for Extra Genesee; $26 70@26 80 for fancy do.; $26 80@26 90 for Extra Ohio; $26 90@27 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $27@27 10 for Extra Genesee; $27 10@27 20 for fancy do.; $27 20@27 30 for Extra Ohio; $27 30@27 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $27 40@27 50 for Extra Genesee; $27 50@27 60 for fancy do.; $27 60@27 70 for Extra Ohio; $27 70@27 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $27 80@27 90 for Extra Genesee; $27 90@28 for fancy do.; $28@28 10 for Extra Ohio; $28 10@28 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $28 20@28 30 for Extra Genesee; $28 30@28 40 for fancy do.; $28 40@28 50 for Extra Ohio; $28 50@28 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $28 60@28 70 for Extra Genesee; $28 70@28 80 for fancy do.; $28 80@28 90 for Extra Ohio; $28 90@29 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $29@29 10 for Extra Genesee; $29 10@29 20 for fancy do.; $29 20@29 30 for Extra Ohio; $29 30@29 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $29 40@29 50 for Extra Genesee; $29 50@29 60 for fancy do.; $29 60@29 70 for Extra Ohio; $29 70@29 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $29 80@29 90 for Extra Genesee; $29 90@30 for fancy do.; $30@30 10 for Extra Ohio; $30 10@30 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $30 20@30 30 for Extra Genesee; $30 30@30 40 for fancy do.; $30 40@30 50 for Extra Ohio; $30 50@30 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $30 60@30 70 for Extra Genesee; $30 70@30 80 for fancy do.; $30 80@30 90 for Extra Ohio; $30 90@31 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $31@31 10 for Extra Genesee; $31 10@31 20 for fancy do.; $31 20@31 30 for Extra Ohio; $31 30@31 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $31 40@31 50 for Extra Genesee; $31 50@31 60 for fancy do.; $31 60@31 70 for Extra Ohio; $31 70@31 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $31 80@31 90 for Extra Genesee; $31 90@32 for fancy do.; $32@32 10 for Extra Ohio; $32 10@32 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $32 20@32 30 for Extra Genesee; $32 30@32 40 for fancy do.; $32 40@32 50 for Extra Ohio; $32 50@32 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $32 60@32 70 for Extra Genesee; $32 70@32 80 for fancy do.; $32 80@32 90 for Extra Ohio; $32 90@33 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $33@33 10 for Extra Genesee; $33 10@33 20 for fancy do.; $33 20@33 30 for Extra Ohio; $33 30@33 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $33 40@33 50 for Extra Genesee; $33 50@33 60 for fancy do.; $33 60@33 70 for Extra Ohio; $33 70@33 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $33 80@33 90 for Extra Genesee; $33 90@34 for fancy do.; $34@34 10 for Extra Ohio; $34 10@34 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $34 20@34 30 for Extra Genesee; $34 30@34 40 for fancy do.; $34 40@34 50 for Extra Ohio; $34 50@34 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $34 60@34 70 for Extra Genesee; $34 70@34 80 for fancy do.; $34 80@34 90 for Extra Ohio; $34 90@35 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $35@35 10 for Extra Genesee; $35 10@35 20 for fancy do.; $35 20@35 30 for Extra Ohio; $35 30@35 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $35 40@35 50 for Extra Genesee; $35 50@35 60 for fancy do.; $35 60@35 70 for Extra Ohio; $35 70@35 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $35 80@35 90 for Extra Genesee; $35 90@36 for fancy do.; $36@36 10 for Extra Ohio; $36 10@36 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $36 20@36 30 for Extra Genesee; $36 30@36 40 for fancy do.; $36 40@36 50 for Extra Ohio; $36 50@36 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $36 60@36 70 for Extra Genesee; $36 70@36 80 for fancy do.; $36 80@36 90 for Extra Ohio; $36 90@37 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $37@37 10 for Extra Genesee; $37 10@37 20 for fancy do.; $37 20@37 30 for Extra Ohio; $37 30@37 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $37 40@37 50 for Extra Genesee; $37 50@37 60 for fancy do.; $37 60@37 70 for Extra Ohio; $37 70@37 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $37 80@37 90 for Extra Genesee; $37 90@38 for fancy do.; $38@38 10 for Extra Ohio; $38 10@38 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $38 20@38 30 for Extra Genesee; $38 30@38 40 for fancy do.; $38 40@38 50 for Extra Ohio; $38 50@38 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $38 60@38 70 for Extra Genesee; $38 70@38 80 for fancy do.; $38 80@38 90 for Extra Ohio; $38 90@39 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $39@39 10 for Extra Genesee; $39 10@39 20 for fancy do.; $39 20@39 30 for Extra Ohio; $39 30@39 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $39 40@39 50 for Extra Genesee; $39 50@39 60 for fancy do.; $39 60@39 70 for Extra Ohio; $39 70@39 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $39 80@39 90 for Extra Genesee; $39 90@40 for fancy do.; $40@40 10 for Extra Ohio; $40 10@40 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $40 20@40 30 for Extra Genesee; $40 30@40 40 for fancy do.; $40 40@40 50 for Extra Ohio; $40 50@40 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $40 60@40 70 for Extra Genesee; $40 70@40 80 for fancy do.; $40 80@40 90 for Extra Ohio; $40 90@41 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $41@41 10 for Extra Genesee; $41 10@41 20 for fancy do.; $41 20@41 30 for Extra Ohio; $41 30@41 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $41 40@41 50 for Extra Genesee; $41 50@41 60 for fancy do.; $41 60@41 70 for Extra Ohio; $41 70@41 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $41 80@41 90 for Extra Genesee; $41 90@42 for fancy do.; $42@42 10 for Extra Ohio; $42 10@42 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $42 20@42 30 for Extra Genesee; $42 30@42 40 for fancy do.; $42 40@42 50 for Extra Ohio; $42 50@42 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $42 60@42 70 for Extra Genesee; $42 70@42 80 for fancy do.; $42 80@42 90 for Extra Ohio; $42 90@43 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $43@43 10 for Extra Genesee; $43 10@43 20 for fancy do.; $43 20@43 30 for Extra Ohio; $43 30@43 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $43 40@43 50 for Extra Genesee; $43 50@43 60 for fancy do.; $43 60@43 70 for Extra Ohio; $43 70@43 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $43 80@43 90 for Extra Genesee; $43 90@44 for fancy do.; $44@44 10 for Extra Ohio; $44 10@44 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $44 20@44 30 for Extra Genesee; $44 30@44 40 for fancy do.; $44 40@44 50 for Extra Ohio; $44 50@44 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $44 60@44 70 for Extra Genesee; $44 70@44 80 for fancy do.; $44 80@44 90 for Extra Ohio; $44 90@45 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $45@45 10 for Extra Genesee; $45 10@45 20 for fancy do.; $45 20@45 30 for Extra Ohio; $45 30@45 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $45 40@45 50 for Extra Genesee; $45 50@45 60 for fancy do.; $45 60@45 70 for Extra Ohio; $45 70@45 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $45 80@45 90 for Extra Genesee; $45 90@46 for fancy do.; $46@46 10 for Extra Ohio; $46 10@46 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $46 20@46 30 for Extra Genesee; $46 30@46 40 for fancy do.; $46 40@46 50 for Extra Ohio; $46 50@46 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $46 60@46 70 for Extra Genesee; $46 70@46 80 for fancy do.; $46 80@46 90 for Extra Ohio; $46 90@47 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $47@47 10 for Extra Genesee; $47 10@47 20 for fancy do.; $47 20@47 30 for Extra Ohio; $47 30@47 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $47 40@47 50 for Extra Genesee; $47 50@47 60 for fancy do.; $47 60@47 70 for Extra Ohio; $47 70@47 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $47 80@47 90 for Extra Genesee; $47 90@48 for fancy do.; $48@48 10 for Extra Ohio; $48 10@48 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $48 20@48 30 for Extra Genesee; $48 30@48 40 for fancy do.; $48 40@48 50 for Extra Ohio; $48 50@48 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $48 60@48 70 for Extra Genesee; $48 70@48 80 for fancy do.; $48 80@48 90 for Extra Ohio; $48 90@49 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $49@49 10 for Extra Genesee; $49 10@49 20 for fancy do.; $49 20@49 30 for Extra Ohio; $49 30@49 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $49 40@49 50 for Extra Genesee; $49 50@49 60 for fancy do.; $49 60@49 70 for Extra Ohio; $49 70@49 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $49 80@49 90 for Extra Genesee; $49 90@50 for fancy do.; $50@50 10 for Extra Ohio; $50 10@50 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $50 20@50 30 for Extra Genesee; $50 30@50 40 for fancy do.; $50 40@50 50 for Extra Ohio; $50 50@50 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $50 60@50 70 for Extra Genesee; $50 70@50 80 for fancy do.; $50 80@50 90 for Extra Ohio; $50 90@51 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $51@51 10 for Extra Genesee; $51 10@51 20 for fancy do.; $51 20@51 30 for Extra Ohio; $51 30@51 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $51 40@51 50 for Extra Genesee; $51 50@51 60 for fancy do.; $51 60@51 70 for Extra Ohio; $51 70@51 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $51 80@51 90 for Extra Genesee; $51 90@52 for fancy do.; $52@52 10 for Extra Ohio; $52 10@52 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $52 20@52 30 for Extra Genesee; $52 30@52 40 for fancy do.; $52 40@52 50 for Extra Ohio; $52 50@52 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $52 60@52 70 for Extra Genesee; $52 70@52 80 for fancy do.; $52 80@52 90 for Extra Ohio; $52 90@53 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $53@53 10 for Extra Genesee; $53 10@53 20 for fancy do.; $53 20@53 30 for Extra Ohio; $53 30@53 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $53 40@53 50 for Extra Genesee; $53 50@53 60 for fancy do.; $53 60@53 70 for Extra Ohio; $53 70@53 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $53 80@53 90 for Extra Genesee; $53 90@54 for fancy do.; $54@54 10 for Extra Ohio; $54 10@54 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $54 20@54 30 for Extra Genesee; $54 30@54 40 for fancy do.; $54 40@54 50 for Extra Ohio; $54 50@54 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $54 60@54 70 for Extra Genesee; $54 70@54 80 for fancy do.; $54 80@54 90 for Extra Ohio; $54 90@55 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $55@55 10 for Extra Genesee; $55 10@55 20 for fancy do.; $55 20@55 30 for Extra Ohio; $55 30@55 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $55 40@55 50 for Extra Genesee; $55 50@55 60 for fancy do.; $55 60@55 70 for Extra Ohio; $55 70@55 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $55 80@55 90 for Extra Genesee; $55 90@56 for fancy do.; $56@56 10 for Extra Ohio; $56 10@56 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $56 20@56 30 for Extra Genesee; $56 30@56 40 for fancy do.; $56 40@56 50 for Extra Ohio; $56 50@56 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $56 60@56 70 for Extra Genesee; $56 70@56 80 for fancy do.; $56 80@56 90 for Extra Ohio; $56 90@57 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $57@57 10 for Extra Genesee; $57 10@57 20 for fancy do.; $57 20@57 30 for Extra Ohio; $57 30@57 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $57 40@57 50 for Extra Genesee; $57 50@57 60 for fancy do.; $57 60@57 70 for Extra Ohio; $57 70@57 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $57 80@57 90 for Extra Genesee; $57 90@58 for fancy do.; $58@58 10 for Extra Ohio; $58 10@58 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $58 20@58 30 for Extra Genesee; $58 30@58 40 for fancy do.; $58 40@58 50 for Extra Ohio; $58 50@58 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $58 60@58 70 for Extra Genesee; $58 70@58 80 for fancy do.; $58 80@58 90 for Extra Ohio; $58 90@59 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $59@59 10 for Extra Genesee; $59 10@59 20 for fancy do.; $59 20@59 30 for Extra Ohio; $59 30@59 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $59 40@59 50 for Extra Genesee; $59 50@59 60 for fancy do.; $59 60@59 70 for Extra Ohio; $59 70@59 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $59 80@59 90 for Extra Genesee; $59 90@60 for fancy do.; $60@60 10 for Extra Ohio; $60 10@60 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $60 20@60 30 for Extra Genesee; $60 30@60 40 for fancy do.; $60 40@60 50 for Extra Ohio; $60 50@60 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $60 60@60 70 for Extra Genesee; $60 70@60 80 for fancy do.; $60 80@60 90 for Extra Ohio; $60 90@61 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $61@61 10 for Extra Genesee; $61 10@61 20 for fancy do.; $61 20@61 30 for Extra Ohio; $61 30@61 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $61 40@61 50 for Extra Genesee; $61 50@61 60 for fancy do.; $61 60@61 70 for Extra Ohio; $61 70@61 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $61 80@61 90 for Extra Genesee; $61 90@62 for fancy do.; $62@62 10 for Extra Ohio; $62 10@62 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $62 20@62 30 for Extra Genesee; $62 30@62 40 for fancy do.; $62 40@62 50 for Extra Ohio; $62 50@62 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $62 60@62 70 for Extra Genesee; $62 70@62 80 for fancy do.; $62 80@62 90 for Extra Ohio; $62 90@63 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $63@63 10 for Extra Genesee; $63 10@63 20 for fancy do.; $63 20@63 30 for Extra Ohio; $63 30@63 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $63 40@63 50 for Extra Genesee; $63 50@63 60 for fancy do.; $63 60@63 70 for Extra Ohio; $63 70@63 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $63 80@63 90 for Extra Genesee; $63 90@64 for fancy do.; $64@64 10 for Extra Ohio; $64 10@64 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $64 20@64 30 for Extra Genesee; $64 30@64 40 for fancy do.; $64 40@64 50 for Extra Ohio; $64 50@64 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $64 60@64 70 for Extra Genesee; $64 70@64 80 for fancy do.; $64 80@64 90 for Extra Ohio; $64 90@65 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $65@65 10 for Extra Genesee; $65 10@65 20 for fancy do.; $65 20@65 30 for Extra Ohio; $65 30@65 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $65 40@65 50 for Extra Genesee; $65 50@65 60 for fancy do.; $65 60@65 70 for Extra Ohio; $65 70@65 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $65 80@65 90 for Extra Genesee; $65 90@66 for fancy do.; $66@66 10 for Extra Ohio; $66 10@66 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $66 20@66 30 for Extra Genesee; $66 30@66 40 for fancy do.; $66 40@66 50 for Extra Ohio; $66 50@66 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $66 60@66 70 for Extra Genesee; $66 70@66 80 for fancy do.; $66 80@66 90 for Extra Ohio; $66 90@67 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $67@67 10 for Extra Genesee; $67 10@67 20 for fancy do.; $67 20@67 30 for Extra Ohio; $67 30@67 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $67 40@67 50 for Extra Genesee; $67 50@67 60 for fancy do.; $67 60@67 70 for Extra Ohio; $67 70@67 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $67 80@67 90 for Extra Genesee; $67 90@68 for fancy do.; $68@68 10 for Extra Ohio; $68 10@68 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $68 20@68 30 for Extra Genesee; $68 30@68 40 for fancy do.; $68 40@68 50 for Extra Ohio; $68 50@68 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $68 60@68 70 for Extra Genesee; $68 70@68 80 for fancy do.; $68 80@68 90 for Extra Ohio; $68 90@69 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $69@69 10 for Extra Genesee; $69 10@69 20 for fancy do.; $69 20@69 30 for Extra Ohio; $69 30@69 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $69 40@69 50 for Extra Genesee; $69 50@69 60 for fancy do.; $69 60@69 70 for Extra Ohio; $69 70@69 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $69 80@69 90 for Extra Genesee; $69 90@70 for fancy do.; $70@70 10 for Extra Ohio; $70 10@70 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $70 20@70 30 for Extra Genesee; $70 30@70 40 for fancy do.; $70 40@70 50 for Extra Ohio; $70 50@70 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $70 60@70 70 for Extra Genesee; $70 70@70 80 for fancy do.; $70 80@70 90 for Extra Ohio; $70 90@71 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $71@71 10 for Extra Genesee; $71 10@71 20 for fancy do.; $71 20@71 30 for Extra Ohio; $71 30@71 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $71 40@71 50 for Extra Genesee; $71 50@71 60 for fancy do.; $71 60@71 70 for Extra Ohio; $71 70@71 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $71 80@71 90 for Extra Genesee; $71 90@72 for fancy do.; $72@72 10 for Extra Ohio; $72 10@72 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $72 20@72 30 for Extra Genesee; $72 30@72 40 for fancy do.; $72 40@72 50 for Extra Ohio; $72 50@72 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $72 60@72 70 for Extra Genesee; $72 70@72 80 for fancy do.; $72 80@72 90 for Extra Ohio; $72 90@73 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $73@73 10 for Extra Genesee; $73 10@73 20 for fancy do.; $73 20@73 30 for Extra Ohio; $73 30@73 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $73 40@73 50 for Extra Genesee; $73 50@73 60 for fancy do.; $73 60@73 70 for Extra Ohio; $73 70@73 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $73 80@73 90 for Extra Genesee; $73 90@74 for fancy do.; $74@74 10 for Extra Ohio; $74 10@74 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $74 20@74 30 for Extra Genesee; $74 30@74 40 for fancy do.; $74 40@74 50 for Extra Ohio; $74 50@74 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $74 60@74 70 for Extra Genesee; $74 70@74 80 for fancy do.; $74 80@74 90 for Extra Ohio; $74 90@75 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $75@75 10 for Extra Genesee; $75 10@75 20 for fancy do.; $75 20@75 30 for Extra Ohio; $75 30@75 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $75 40@75 50 for Extra Genesee; $75 50@75 60 for fancy do.; $75 60@75 70 for Extra Ohio; $75 70@75 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $75 80@75 90 for Extra Genesee; $75 90@76 for fancy do.; $76@76 10 for Extra Ohio; $76 10@76 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $76 20@76 30 for Extra Genesee; $76 30@76 40 for fancy do.; $76 40@76 50 for Extra Ohio; $76 50@76 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $76 60@76 70 for Extra Genesee; $76 70@76 80 for fancy do.; $76 80@76 90 for Extra Ohio; $76 90@77 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $77@77 10 for Extra Genesee; $77 10@77 20 for fancy do.; $77 20@77 30 for Extra Ohio; $77 30@77 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $77 40@77 50 for Extra Genesee; $77 50@77 60 for fancy do.; $77 60@77 70 for Extra Ohio; $77 70@77 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $77 80@77 90 for Extra Genesee; $77 90@78 for fancy do.; $78@78 10 for Extra Ohio; $78 10@78 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $78 20@78 30 for Extra Genesee; $78 30@78 40 for fancy do.; $78 40@78 50 for Extra Ohio; $78 50@78 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $78 60@78 70 for Extra Genesee; $78 70@78 80 for fancy do.; $78 80@78 90 for Extra Ohio; $78 90@79 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $79@79 10 for Extra Genesee; $79 10@79 20 for fancy do.; $79 20@79 30 for Extra Ohio; $79 30@79 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $79 40@79 50 for Extra Genesee; $79 50@79 60 for fancy do.; $79 60@79 70 for Extra Ohio; $79 70@79 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $79 80@79 90 for Extra Genesee; $79 90@80 for fancy do.; $80@80 10 for Extra Ohio; $80 10@80 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $80 20@80 30 for Extra Genesee; $80 30@80 40 for fancy do.; $80 40@80 50 for Extra Ohio; $80 50@80 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $80 60@80 70 for Extra Genesee; $80 70@80 80 for fancy do.; $80 80@80 90 for Extra Ohio; $80 90@81 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $81@81 10 for Extra Genesee; $81 10@81 20 for fancy do.; $81 20@81 30 for Extra Ohio; $81 30@81 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $81 40@81 50 for Extra Genesee; $81 50@81 60 for fancy do.; $81 60@81 70 for Extra Ohio; $81 70@81 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $81 80@81 90 for Extra Genesee; $81 90@82 for fancy do.; $82@82 10 for Extra Ohio; $82 10@82 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $82 20@82 30 for Extra Genesee; $82 30@82 40 for fancy do.; $82 40@82 50 for Extra Ohio; $82 50@82 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $82 60@82 70 for Extra Genesee; $82 70@82 80 for fancy do.; $82 80@82 90 for Extra Ohio; $82 90@83 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $83@83 10 for Extra Genesee; $83 10@83 20 for fancy do.; $83 20@83 30 for Extra Ohio; $83 30@83 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $83 40@83 50 for Extra Genesee; $83 50@83 60 for fancy do.; $83 60@83 70 for Extra Ohio; $83 70@83 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $83 80@83 90 for Extra Genesee; $83 90@84 for fancy do.; $84@84 10 for Extra Ohio; $84 10@84 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $84 20@84 30 for Extra Genesee; $84 30@84 40 for fancy do.; $84 40@84 50 for Extra Ohio; $84 50@84 60 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $84 60@84 70 for Extra Genesee; $84 70@84 80 for fancy do.; $84 80@84 90 for Extra Ohio; $84 90@85 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $85@85 10 for Extra Genesee; $85 10@85 20 for fancy do.; $85 20@85 30 for Extra Ohio; $85 30@85 40 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $85 40@85 50 for Extra Genesee; $85 50@85 60 for fancy do.; $85 60@85 70 for Extra Ohio; $85 70@85 80 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $85 80@85 90 for Extra Genesee; $85 90@86 for fancy do.; $86@86 10 for Extra Ohio; $86 10@86 20 for Extra Indiana and Michigan; $86 20@86 30 for Extra Genesee; $86 30@86 40 for fancy do.; $86 40@86 50 for Extra Ohio; $86 50@86 60 for

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# NEWS OF THE DAY.

CLARK'S SYRUP WILL CURE ANY
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FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 56 [illegible]

FOR SALE—DWELLING LOTS—ELEVEN LOTS [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY HOUSES AND [illegible]

FOR SALE—OVAL STREET—LOT ON 9TH [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 56 [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 3 [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND LOT NO. 56 [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 3 [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE

The New-York Times, Monday, March 21, 1864.

# MONETARY AFFAIRS.

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## MONEY-YORK LEGISLATURE.

## Bonds on Record Page.

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